

# Macro photography

PHOTOS BY LYNDA BUSKE

# Outline

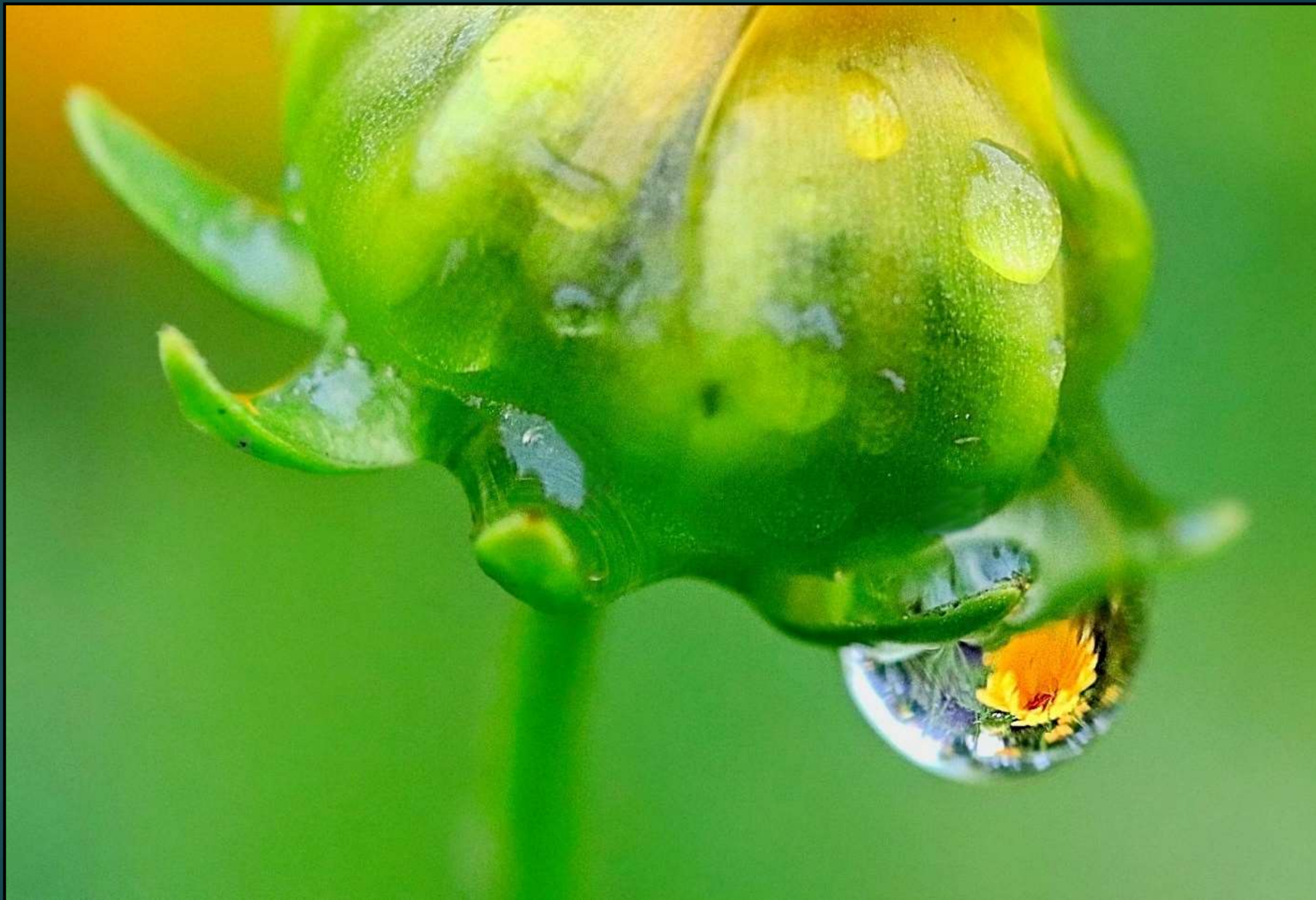
- ▶ What is close up or macro photography?
- ▶ What gear do you need (or not need)?
- ▶ The importance of depth of field in close up photos
- ▶ Factors that affect the depth of field (focal distance, focal length, aperture).
- ▶ Tips for capturing certain subjects in every season.





60mm  
macro





60mm  
macro

Nifty 50 (50mm)





Cell phone set to  
portrait mode for  
soft bokeh



105mm macro





105mm macro





# How to take a close-up shot



- ▶ Get as close as your lens permits and then crop
- ▶ Stand further back and zoom as close as your lens permits, crop
- ▶ Set your phone to portrait and zoom if possible and/or crop
- ▶ Add an extension tube to your regular lens
- ▶ Add a close up lens/filter to your regular lens
- ▶ Use a dedicated macro lens
- ▶ Bridge or point/shoot camera in macro mode



# Extension tubes



- ▶ Available for any camera with interchangeable lenses
  - inexpensive
  - can vary how close you can focus by stacking tubes
- ▶ **But:**
  - may lose auto-focus and auto-exposure capability
  - can't focus on infinity
  - check product description carefully
- ▶ Cost: \$25 - \$250





# Close up lenses / filters

- ▶ Works with any lens that can accept screw-on filters
- ▶ Buy the same size as filter size of your lens
- ▶ Typically comes in sets of three or four with different magnifications
- ▶ **But:**
  - Lower-quality close up lenses may cause loss of sharpness and lens aberrations
  - Can't focus on infinity
- ▶ Cost: \$25 - \$200+



# Macro lens

- ▶ Specially designed lens to permit close focus
  - ▶ true macro permits at least 1:1 magnification, i.e. 1 cm object is rendered as 1 cm on the sensor
  - ▶ some macro lenses permit larger than 1:1 magnification
- ▶ Can also be used as a “normal” lens so can focus at infinity (not possible if using extension tubes or filters)
- ▶ Macro lenses are “primes”, i.e. a fixed focal length so no zoom
- ▶ Can be heavy and bulky
- ▶ Cost: \$350 and up
  - ▶ In many cases, a “macro” version of a lens is comparable in price to a “non-macro” version



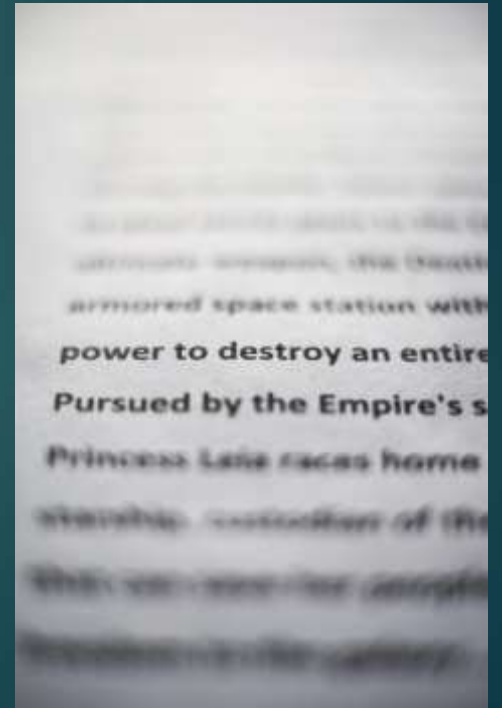
# Additional gear

- ▶ Lenses, hoods
- ▶ Ring light
- ▶ Tripod
- ▶ Closeup filter or extension tubes
- ▶ Focusing rail
- ▶ Articulated screen
- ▶ Plastic bag
- ▶ Bean bag
- ▶ Lens wipes in case you got too close



# Depth of field

- ▶ Macro photography is all about close focus
- ▶ As your point-of-focus moves closer to the camera, the depth of field (the amount of your image in sharp focus) decreases dramatically
- ▶ Macro images have razor-thin depth-of-field
- ▶ Smaller apertures (high f/stop) increase the depth of field





Cluttered background



Better but not ideal



# General effect of **aperture** on depth of field (amount of image in sharp focus)

Example with a Canon APS-C camera (DSLR)

- Focus point **25 feet**, lens focal length: **100mm**

Fixed object



**Aperture f/22** - depth of field = **16 ft 4 in** (19 ft 3 in to 35 ft 7 in)



**Aperture f/16** - depth of field = **11 ft 4 in** (20 ft 7 in to 31 ft 11 in)



**Aperture f/8** - depth of field = **5 ft 5.7 in** (22 ft 7 in to 28 ft)



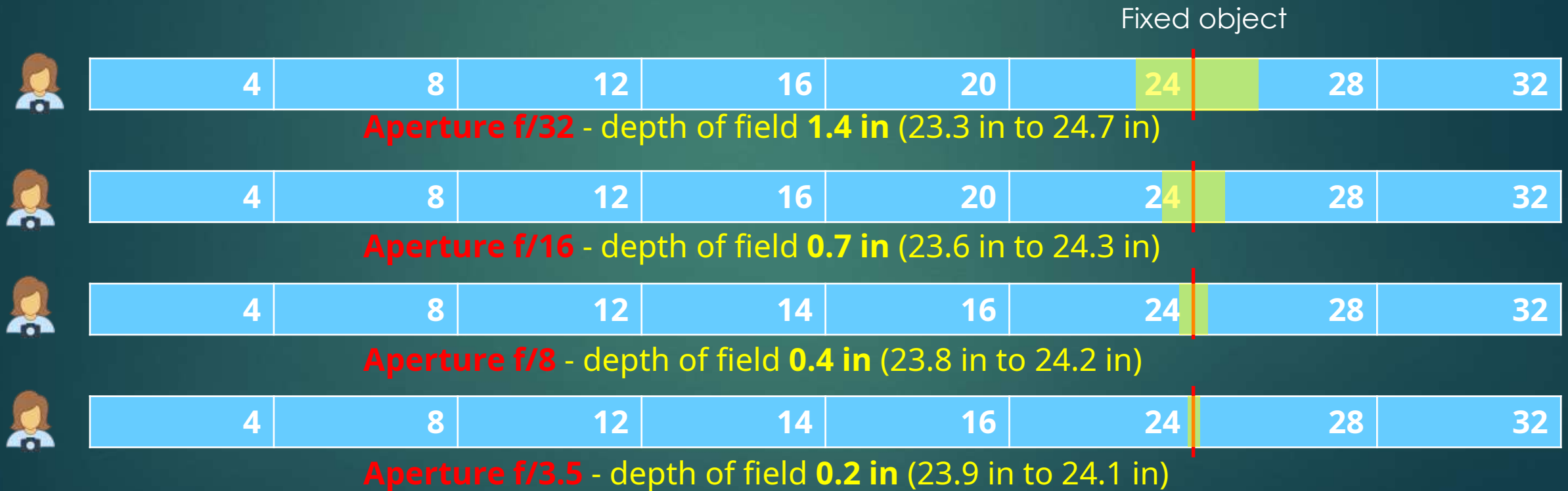
**Aperture f/3.5** - depth of field = **2 ft 4.5 in** (23 ft 10 in to 26 ft 3 in)



# Effect of **aperture** on depth of field (**close focus**) (amount of image in sharp focus)

Example with a Canon APS-C camera (DSLR)

- Focus point **24 inches**, lens focal length: **100mm**



Zoomed to 170mm with 24 to  
200mm lens

f10



f6





f/14

105mm macro

Lost focus

f/10



Lost focus

f/9







# Effect of **focal length** on depth of field (amount of image in sharp focus)

Example with a Canon APS-C camera (DSLR)

- aperture: **f/8**, distance to focus point **10 feet**

Fixed object



2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

**Focal length 28mm** - depth of field **16 ft** (6 ft 5.2 in to 22 ft 5 in)



2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36
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**Focal length 50mm** - depth of field **3 ft 6.7 in** (8 ft 6 in to 12 ft 1 in)



2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36
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**Focal length 100mm** - depth of field **10.2 in** (9 ft 7 in to 10 ft 5 in)



2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36
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**Focal length 200mm** - depth of field **2.4 in** (9 ft 11 in to 10 ft 1 in)

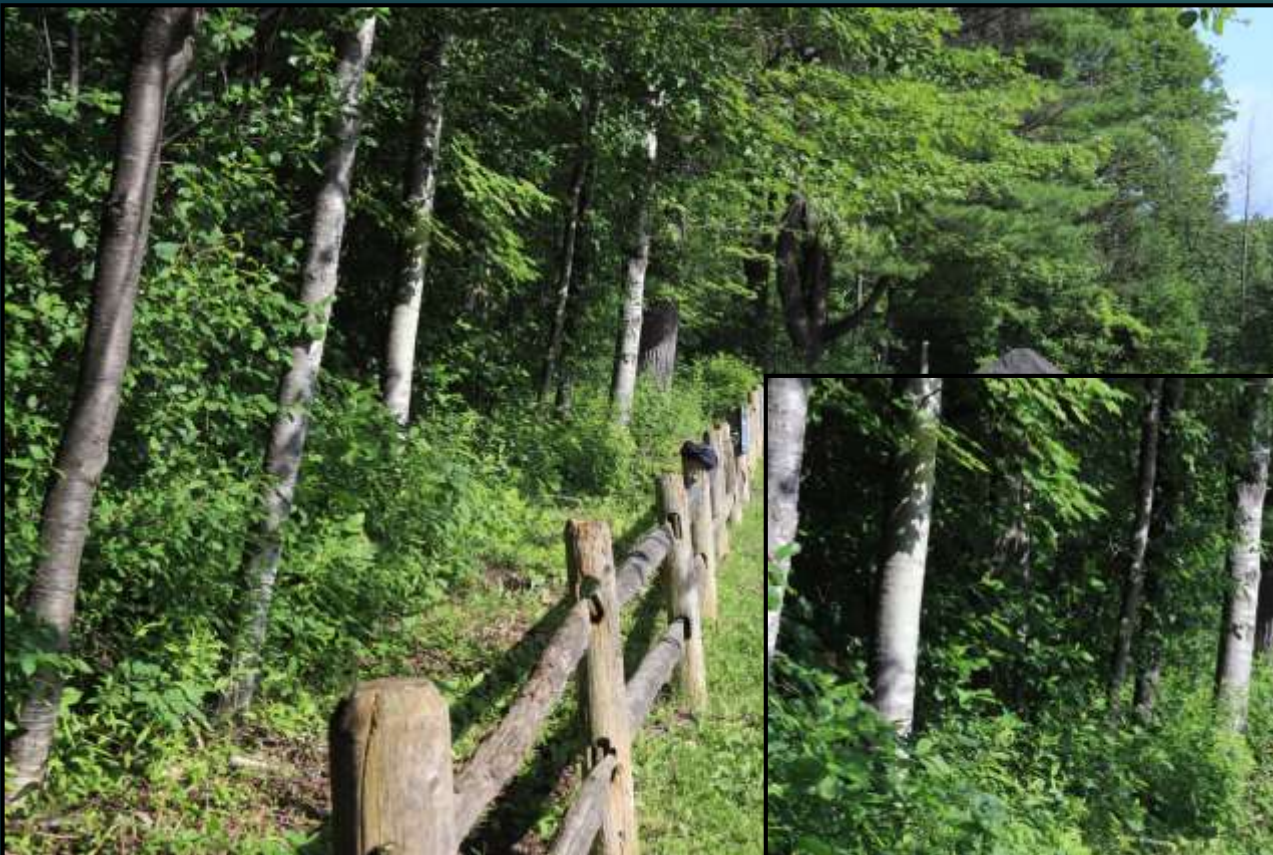


All taken at f/8 – I did not move

28mm

50mm

180mm





50mm  
f/5



180mm  
f/5



# Effect of **distance** on depth of field (amount of image in sharp focus)

Example with a Canon APS-C camera (DSLR)

- aperture: **f/8**, lens focal length: **100mm**



Fixed object

2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

**Focus point 30 feet** - depth of field **7 ft 11.4 in** (26 ft 7 in to 34 ft 6 in)

2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24		26	28	30	32	34	36
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--	----	----	----	----	----	----

**Focus point 5 feet** - depth of field **2.5 in** (4 ft 10.8 in to 5 ft 1.3 in)

2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26		30	32	34	36
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--	----	----	----	----

**Focus point 2 feet** - depth of field **0.4 in** (1 ft 11.8 in to 2 ft 0.2 in)

2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28		30	32	34	36
---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	--	----	----	----	----

**Focus point 1 foot** - depth of field **0.07 in** (11.96 in to 1 ft 0.04 in)



All taken with 105 mm lens and f/9 – I moved



30 ft



10 ft



5 ft



3 ft



# Effect of **distance** on depth of field (amount of image in sharp focus)

Example with a Canon APS-C camera (DSLR)

- aperture: **f/22**, lens focal length: **100mm**



Fixed object



**Focus point 30 feet** - depth of field **24 ft 8 in** (22 ft 1 in to 46 ft 6 in)



**Focus point 5 feet** - depth of field **6.8 in** (4 ft 8.8 in to 5 ft 3.6 in)



**Focus point 2 feet** - depth of field **1 in** (1 ft 11.5 in to 2 ft 0.5 in)



**Focus point 1 foot** - depth of field **0.2 in** (11.90 in to 1 ft 0.1 in)



Both taken at f/10,  
105mm

Better separation  
between subject  
and background



Find an interesting background







f/14, 105mm macro



f/5, 105mm macro



Huh? The power of separation



When you do want everything  
in focus, try focus stacking

Close  
focus

Far focus

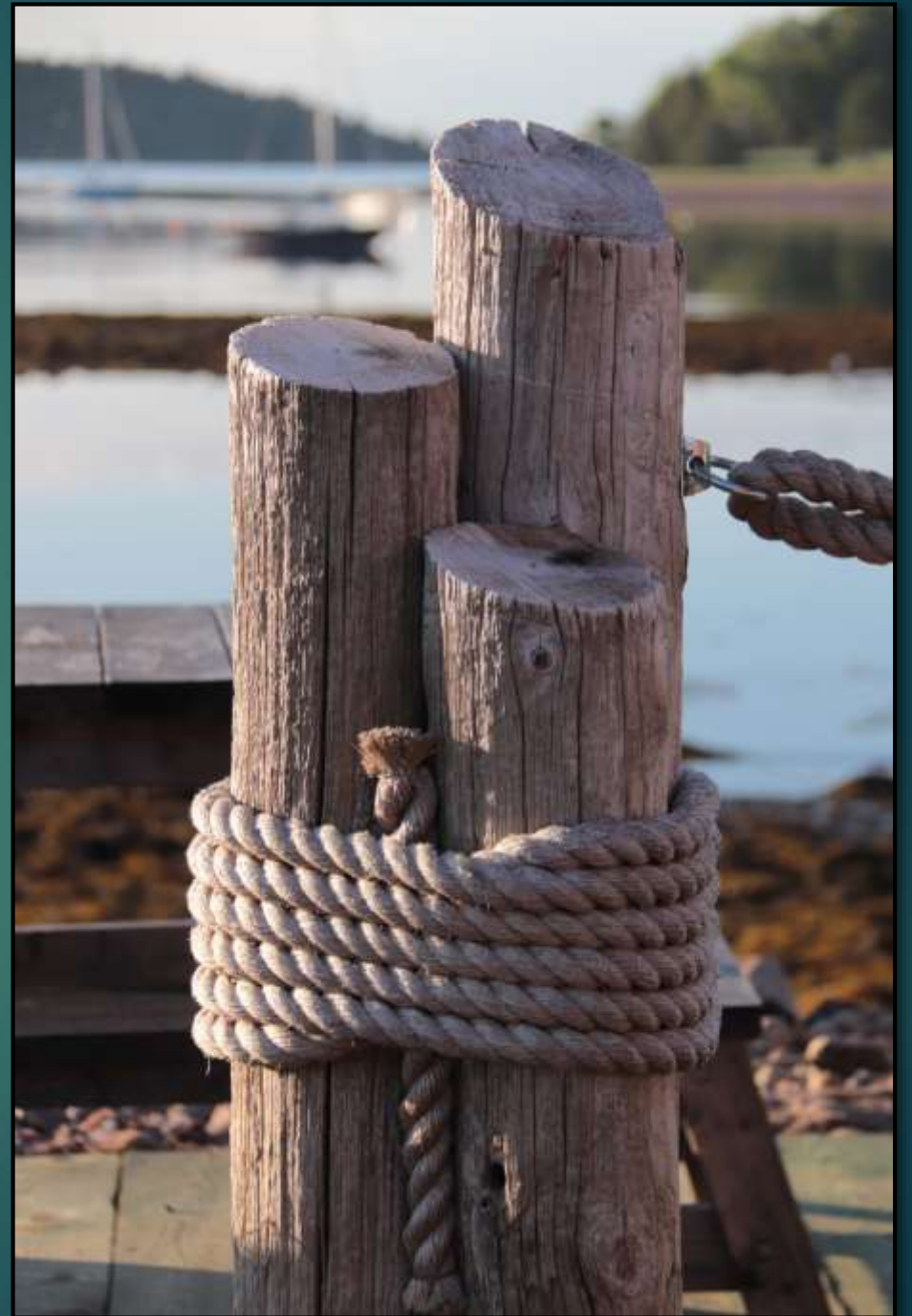
Focus stack of 40  
separate images







Take advantage of low  
angle light























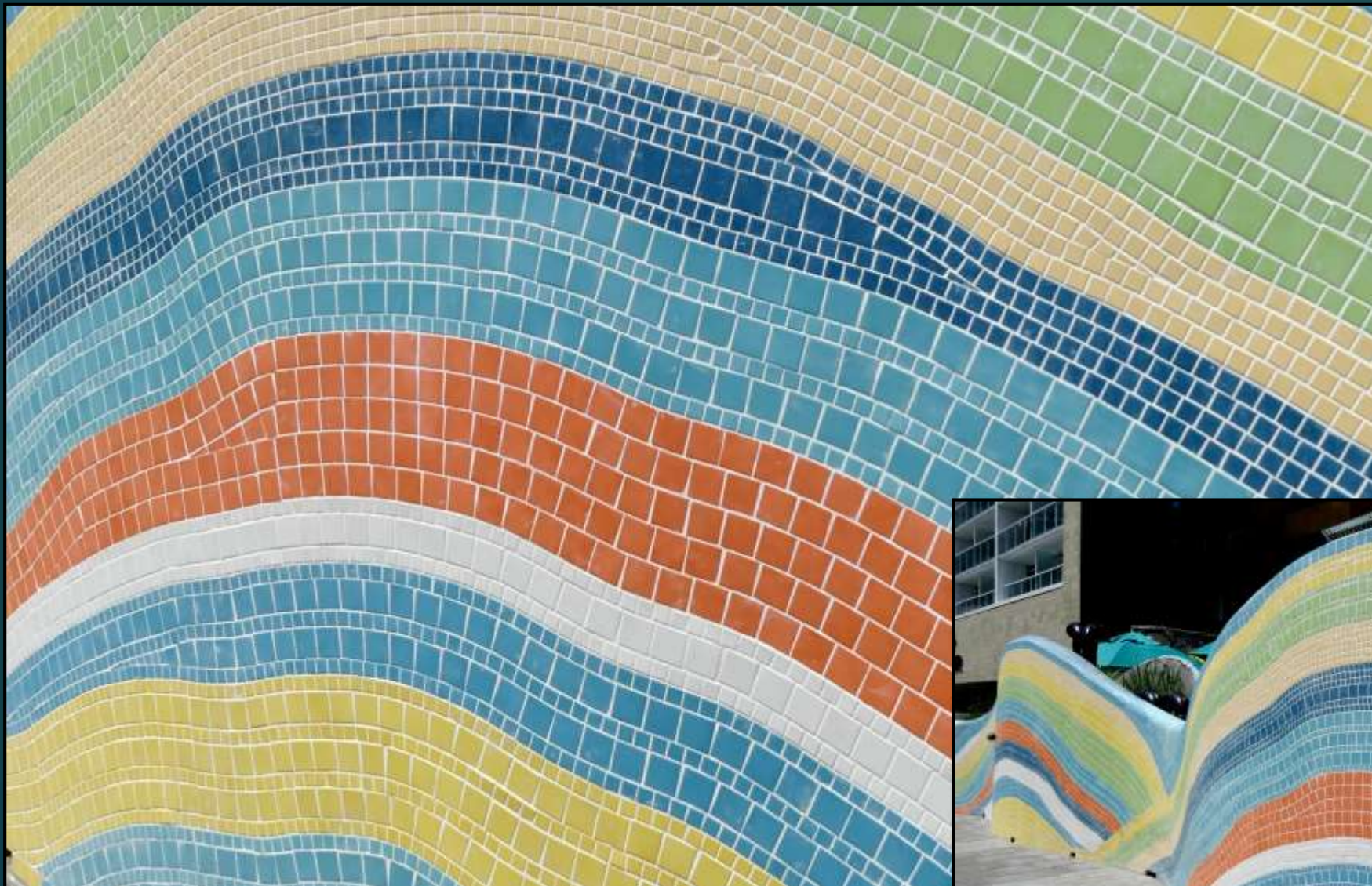














As close as  
cell phone  
would focus

With 2 times  
optical zoom

With 4 times  
optical zoom





## Close ups in SPRING



Clean up edges cell phone missed





Get down low!



## How not to shoot tulips





Find the light and get low

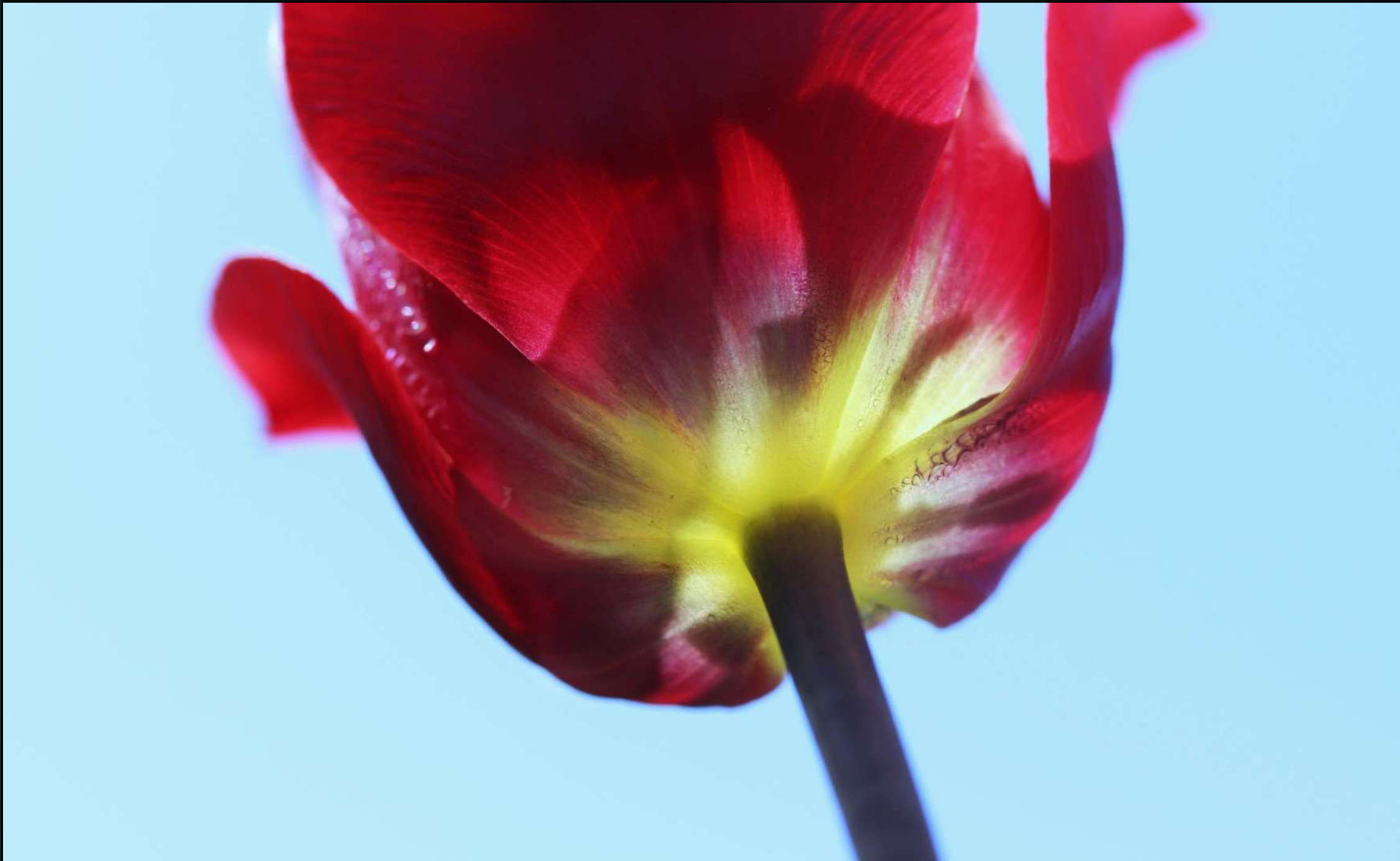




















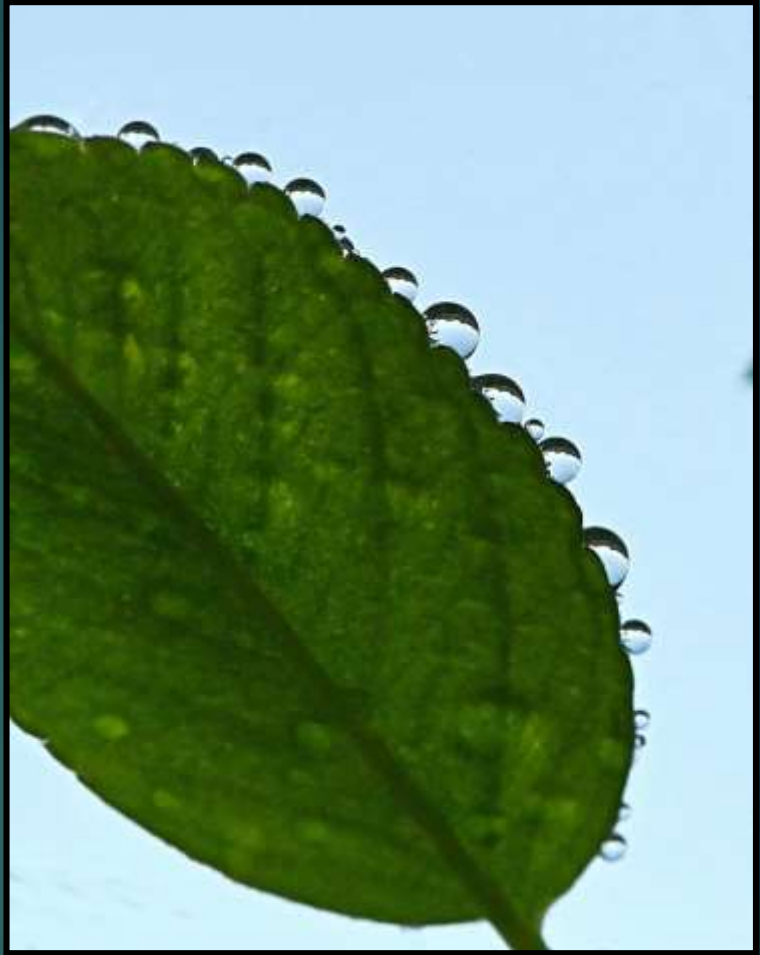


Close ups in SUMMER















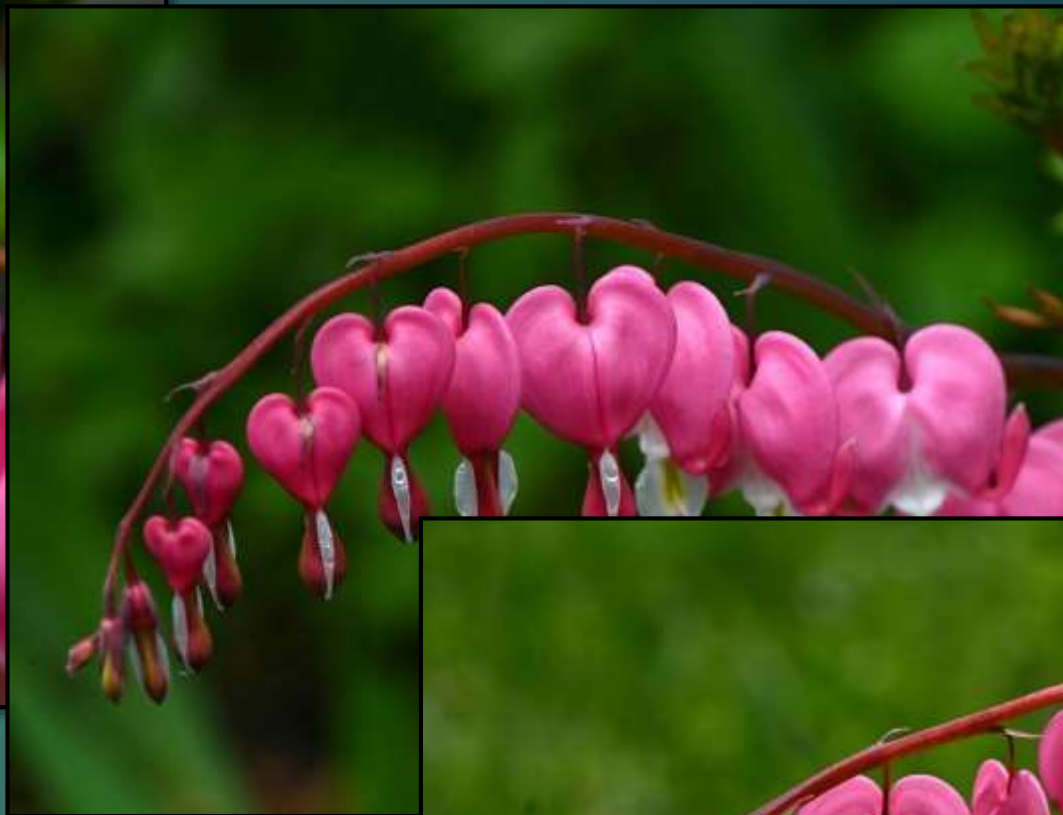


Remove ring  
light refractions









Work the scene - try different angles

Watch what's in the reflection































How did I get this  
background?



Used the side of an RV!



## Close ups in autumn































Close ups in winter





























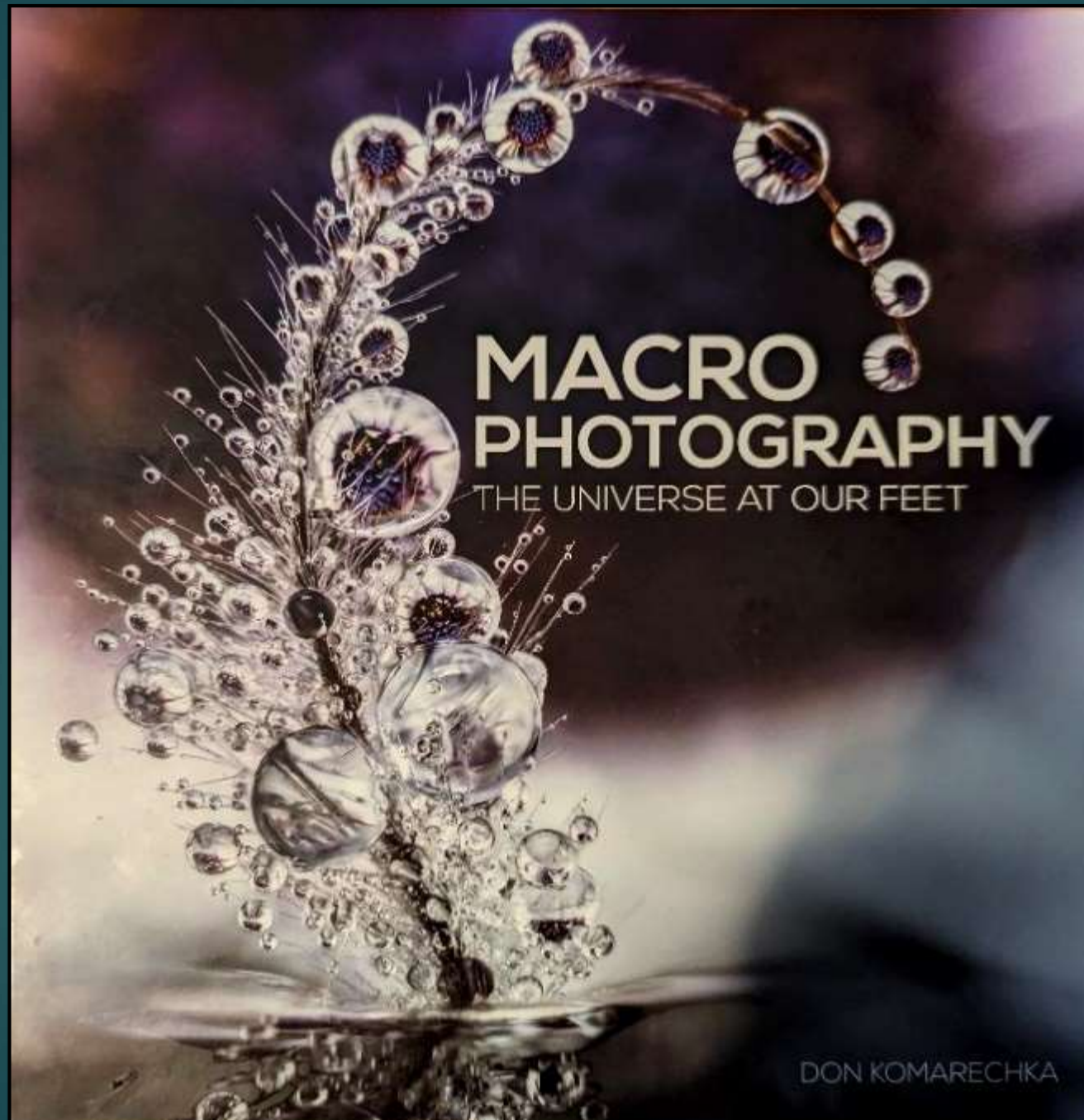


As with all photography, avoid tunnel vision



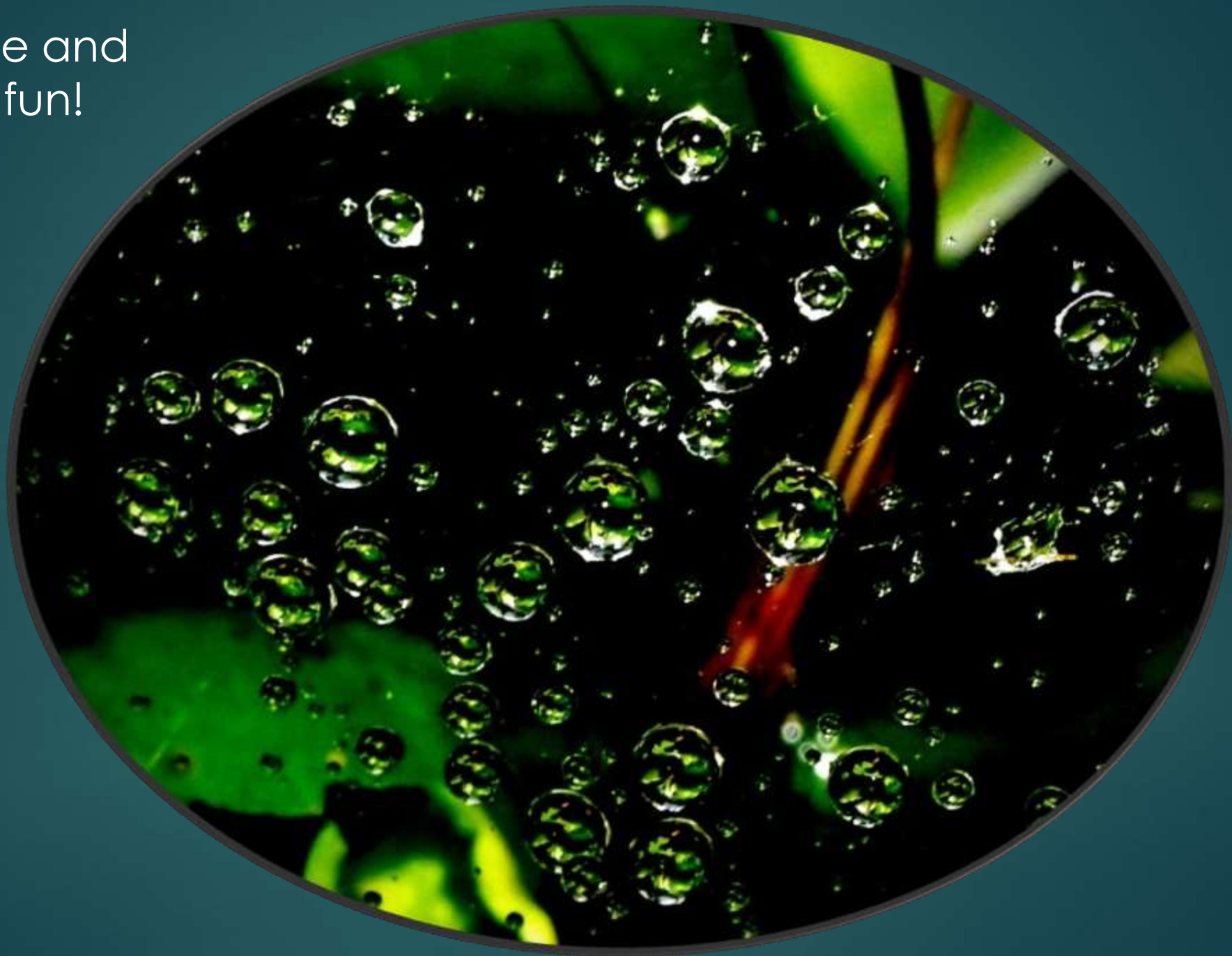
Macro plans did not work out but I did not waste the morning!





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Be brave and  
have fun!







OrleansPhotoClb



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- Monthly meetings, Saturday morning
- Some in-person, some zoom
- Monthly challenges/competitions (optional)
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- Excellent speakers from Can & USA
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- \$50 per year

<https://cpopc.ca>

This deck in pdf format:

<https://opcug.ca/opl/macrophotos.pdf>

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*Thank  
You*